Partial Replacement for sand by Waste Glass in Concrete

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ABSTRACT

As we know that the amount of glass waste produce is very high, and it creates serious environmental problems. Glass is a non-biodegradable material, and not suitable for landfill. In construction industry high consumption of materials increase their cost. The different percentages of glass material use in concrete and analysis the compressive strength of concrete. The test is performed at 7 and 28 days on the concrete cubes and glass replacement proportions 0, 20, 25, and 30% used in concrete cubes.

KEYWORDS: -Compressive strength, CTM, SG, Waste Glass, Concrete.

1. INTRODUCTION

Population levels around the world are rapidly increasing, causing a lot of waste. To ensure we don't run out of storage space, we need to create innovative ways to recycle waste. Glass materials are not biodegradable and are not suitable for landfill. Fortunately, glass can be recycled without loss of quality. We must use waste materials instead of natural resources. A large amount of waste glass is produced around the world. In order to use the waste glass as an aggregate, crush it to a specified size.

If a certain percentage of waste glass replaces the fine aggregate in a specific size range, the content of fine aggregate will be reduced, it reduce the adverse effects of river damage, and thus enabling the sustainable development of the concrete manufacturing industry. Glass products have been increasingly used in recent years, which generate waste glass. When waste glass is used to make concrete, the overall cost of concrete will also be decreases. It will be environmentally friendly and it will waste valuable and relatively expensive natural resources in situ.

The fine aggregate was partially replaced by waste glass at 20%, 25%, and 30% by weight, respectively. The determined compressive strength was tested on concrete specimens, and the results were compared.

2. MATERIALS USED

2.1. Cement and aggregates were used throughout the entire work process with Class 43 ordinary Portland cement limited to IS 8112 [8]. The fine aggregate used consisted of sand with a size of 4.75mm and a specific gravity of 2.7. Coarse aggregate passes through 20mm sieve and remains on 4.75mm sieve, with a SG of 2.8.

2.2. Glass was collected from the Raj Glass Aluminum works in Jaipur, Rajasthan, including waste glass windows. It was crushed. One. The wear equipment was then screened through a 1.18mm IS sieve. The SG of the glass is 2.42.

3. EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION

The concrete mix design was according to M-25 concrete. The water to cement ratio is 0.45 and concrete grade is M-25.

4. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

In this research we made 3 cube of different % of waste glass, Compression strength test is done at 7 days and 28 day in CTM, the following results were obtained.

A comparison between the compressive strength of different cubes is shown below-
5. CONCLUSION

According to the result obtained from compressive strength test, following conclusion were marked:

1. By replacing 20% of sand by glass waste (powdered), the compressive strength will increase by 21% in 7 days and 25% in 28 days.

2. The glass waste sand be use up to 30% replacement of sand by weight. After that the strength will decrease.

3. Percentage water absorption of concrete will decrease with increase in glass waste.

4. Total weight of concrete will also decrease with increase in glass waste, making concrete lighter.

5. By using glass waste in concrete we can reduce the overall cost of concrete, because glass waste is not useful, making concrete economical.

6. Proper use of glass waste can be done without damaging environment.

7. By using glass waste in concrete we can reduce the consumption of sand, and preserve natural resources.

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