

# CLARIN Knowledge Centre for Belarusian Text and Speech Processing (K-BLP)

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## Abstract

This paper represents CLARIN Knowledge Center for Belarusian text and speech processing (K-BLP) which is based at the Speech Synthesis and Recognition Laboratory, the United Institute of Informatics Problems of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk. The CLARIN Knowledge Centre for Belarusian text and speech processing is part of the CLARIN ERIC, which holds the European ESFRI (European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures) certification as a landmark research infrastructure.

#### 1 Introduction

The Speech Synthesis and Recognition Laboratory of the United Institute of Informatics Problems of the National Academy of Sciences of Belarus (https://ssrlab.by) established K-BLP center (Figure 1). It provides users with knowledge for text, speech and other data processing for Belarusian, Russian, and English. The K-BLP center proposes tools for text, speech and other data processing for languages, especially for the Belarusian language. The center also offers wide-ranging user support, guidelines and instructions for each service and material.

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Figure 1. CLARIN Certificate of the Belarusian centre

C 88 💷 🔒	https://corpus.by/		l <sup>e</sup> o	o o 📄 o f
	•••	computation text COOP	speech of by	
PROOFREADING	UDC WRITER	LINGUIST PROGRAMMER	OTHER <1% ALL = A-Z • EN	• ?
	lophone Frequency punter	Allophone Plotter	Allophonic Phrase Plotter	
	API ?	API, ?	-APD-	
	phabetical Subject Index enerator	Alphabetizer	Character Frequency Counter	
	API ?	APt ?	fall,	

Figure 2. Overview of Belarusian text, speech and other data processors

We are committed to widen the access to Belarusian developments in the computational linguistics environment and popularize our tools within the Republic of Belarus and abroad (Figure 2). It is very important to support available tools and promote them out to improve and facilitate the access for researchers in humanities and social sciences that contributes to wide-ranging user support, guidelines and instructions for each service. The main target audience of K-BLP are researchers in humanities and digital humanities with an interest in different aspects of computational linguistics and natural language processing.

## 2 K-BLP center initial activities

K-BLP was formed in September 2020 by the Speech Synthesis and Recognition Laboratory of UIIP NASB. Step by step, it started the process of CMDI metadata creation for all online resources, which means that part of the services is now available via the VLO. Currently, our centre offers Data processing services and tools (the corpus.by platform which includes over 65 services (Dzienisiuk, 2020), a speech intonation analyzer and trainer IntonTrainer (Lobanov, 2019), Belarusian NooJ module for convenient processing of Belarusian language via NooJ linguistic development environment), tutorials and exercises. All provided services can also be accessed through the links directly via http://www.corpus.by/. More information is available on the Speech Synthesis and Recognition Laboratory of UIIP NAS Belarus website.

The Laboratory works on such main scientific research directions as digitization of cultural heritage, high-quality text-to-speech synthesis, robust recognition of discrete and continuous word sequences, computer systems for the rehabilitation of people with hearing and vision disabilities. Except this, we work with systems, programs and platforms for processing big data, universal algorithms for stationery, online and mobile platforms for asynchronous input and output storing and issuing information from different platforms, semi-automatic systematization and processing of data by administrators of target programs (Figures 3–5). Our staff also uses the approaches to processing audio and text forms of speech, which is often found in the development of modern systems that work with the input and output of large-size speech (BigData) on different platforms.

We intend to create and maintain user infrastructure to support the sharing, use and sustainability of big data and tools for research in computational linguistics, the humanities and social sciences. Almost all our digital resources are open, free and available to scholars, researchers and scientists from all spheres through single sign-on access.

All products are made to solve the problems of developing algorithms, resources and methods of Internet input and Internet output of speech, saving and systematizing large volumes of speech. The results can be adapted for wide use in applied and practice-oriented research that requires processing large amounts of data at different levels.

корпус	корпус	[ко́рпус]	[ˈkɔrpus]	<u>NNIMO</u>	назоўнік	Voice	
корпус	корпус	[ко́рпус]	[ˈkɔrpus]	NNIMA	назоўнік	Voice	
According to c	lictionary sbm2012in	itial (1)					
Word	Trans	cription	IPA	Cat	egory	Voice	
корпус	[ко́рпу	/c]	[ˈkɔrpus]			Voice!	
According to c	lictionary <b>noun2013</b> (	2)					
Word	Trar	nscription	IPA		Тад	Voice	
корпус	[κόρ	пус]	[ˈkɔrpus]		<u>NMN1</u>	Voice	
корпус	[κόρ	пус]	[ˈkɔrpus]		NMA1	Voice	
	According to dictionary asbm2017 (1)						
According to c	lictionary asbm2017	(1)					

Figure 3. Voiced Electronic Grammatical Dictionary

**corpus by	Text-to-Speech Synthesizer	?	English <del>-</del>
	l text marked by '+' or <sup>6</sup> , a secondary stressed vowel – by '=' or <sup>6</sup> . To mark two words as one phonetic word use <sup>∞</sup> or ''. Эн өятры+ска садзыму+∲^бы ўсе́= лі+сце на^вы+спе, але^по+тым калі+сьці. ог. Паўнёчна-аххо́дні өятрыска садзымўў_бы ўсё лісце на_выспе, але_по́тым		Refresh Clear
Лі+кі адзі+н. два+. тры+. чаты+ры. ля+ць. шэ+сць. се+м. во+сем.			
дзе+вяць.			
Беларуская Generate synthesized spee	AlesiaBel Show log information		
► 0:00 / 2:57 —	download the generated speech file		



https://corpus.by/ShortUSpeliChecker/?lang=en	Ŕ
Perhaps, here should be «Ў» or «ў»:	
There was a letter	Comment
«а у»:Мама у трауры	(wyw after the vowel $waw$ without a punctuation mark)
«А у»:А у іх ёсць пчолы	$( \ \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \  $
<mark>«а» у</mark> »:«Рам <mark>а» у</mark> краме	(wyw after the vowel $waw$ without a punctuation mark)
« <mark>а-у</mark> »:На Ўкраіне паўднёв <mark>а-у</mark> сходні вецер	(«y» after the vowel «a» and a hyphen)
« <mark>ау</mark> »:Сястра есць <mark>ау</mark> сянку	(«y» after the vowel «a»)
« <mark>I У»</mark> :ЛЮДЗІ УСІХ КРАІН, СЯБРУЙЦЕ!	(«У» after the vowel «I» without a punctuation mark)
Perhaps, here should be «У» or «y»:	
There was a letter	Comment
«т ў»: …Кот ў ботах	$(\breve{y})$ after the consonant $\breve{x}$ without a punctuation mark)
«т» ў»: …«Брат» ў космасе	$(\breve{v}\breve{y})$ after the consonant $\breve{v}\tau$ without a punctuation mark)
«Ў»: …На Ўкраіне паўднёва-усходні вецер	(CAPITAL « $\check{Y}$ » IS ONLY ALLOWED IN A TEXT WHERE ALL WORDS ARE WRITTEN IN CAPITAL LETTERS)
«м-ў»: …Усім-ўсім пра ўсё распавядзем!…	$(\breve{y})$ after the consonant ${}^{\mbox{\tiny M}}$ and a hyphen)
«бў»:Тата любіць буль <mark>бу</mark>	$({\rm e}\check{y}{\rm "}{\rm s}$ after the consonant ${\rm e}\check{\sigma}{\rm "}{\rm s})$

Figure 5. Non-syllable U Spell Checker: [u] or [w]

One more task is to provide a user-friendly overview of the available tools for researchers as well as to organize the overviews of developed methods and algorithms according to the types of data in the resources and listings sorted by language. Our team has great experience in accumulating big data in different formats and platforms. There are specialists in programming, front- and back-end development, project managers, computational linguists and philologists. We are open to create and develop new resources, tools, algorithms and methods according to users' demands.

## 3 K-BLP's main aims within CLARIN ERIC Research Infrastructure

The main task of K-BLP Center is to extend our resources and tools of natural language processing and organize them according to the types of data within the CLARIN Resource Families in the examples of

other Resource families (cf. Franciska, 2020). Increasing the interest in Belarusian developments in computational linguistics and popularizing available tools and resources are dominant directions of K-BLP. To follow these aims, we should widen the number of scientific organizations of K-BLP (except the UIIP of NASB), add new resources and structuralize our Belarusian services within CLARIN classification. It is very important to promote available resources to facilitate access for researchers. That is why we propose wide-ranging user support, guidelines and instructions for each service. We also plan to create and maintain new tools for electronic text and speech processing in the Belarusian language.

Nowadays K-BLP has main strategic priorities such as:

1. To attract other scientific organizations and institutes with research centers for computer processing of the Belarusian language to widen K-BLP (such organizations as Belarusian State University, the Center for the Belarusian Culture, Language and Literature researches of the National Academy of Sciences and other).

2. To expand K-BLP with such resources as new Belarusian corpora (at least 3), dictionaries (nearly 5-7 items) and other tools for computer processing of Belarusian text and speech information (5-7 tools).

3. To annotate and systematize new resources and tools as consistent with description of all resources disposed in other CLARIN ERIC centers.

4. To optimize existing resources and tools in K-BLP according to CLARIN ERIC classification of resources.

5. To organize the overviews of developed Belarusian tools according to the types of data in the resources and listings sorted by language.

6. To provide a user-friendly overview of the available Belarusian language tools in the CLARIN infrastructure for researchers from digital humanities, social sciences and human language technologies.

7. To create and maintain an infrastructure to support the sharing, use and sustainability of Belarusian language data and tools for research in the humanities and social sciences.

We hope to implement our plans listed above in the near future with the help of CLARIN ERIC.

## 4 Conclusion

Building and running a distributed knowledge center K-BLP for computational linguistics and natural language processing of Belarusian requires samples, text descriptions, demos, courses and possible contacts with specialists of natural language approaches of Belarusian.

K-BLP provides knowledge about tokenization, morphological analysis, voiced electronic grammatical dictionaries, part-of-speech tagging, frequency counting, spell checking, text classification and other approaches used in speech and text processing. It offers special courses in language processing, data analysis and collecting research data for the fast entrance of humanities and others into the digital world of Belarusian data processing.

We are aimed at collecting Belarusian-language linguistic and computer resources for manual and automatic processing in one unit for popularizing the Belarusian language as much as possible. There is a variety of developments in Belarusian, but they are not in the public domain. For this, we want to conduct research in computational linguistics and modern standard Belarusian language and represent them within the K-BLP Center. The future idea is to participate with other CLARIN centres in joint European projects. The plan is to prepare main services and tools from "Computational platform for electronic text & speech processing www.corpus.by" for CLARIN Virtual Language Observatory.

The Speech Synthesis and Recognition Laboratory organises several courses in universities to educate students and researchers in computer linguistics. Several education online materials in English were prepared, such as "Lab 0 – How to be acquainted with text and speech processing services in 10 days?". Introduction into CLARIN project could be presented here, too. All this will allow the introduction of different tools for computational processing of Belarusian for all who are interested in it including foreign scientists and partners.

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